After removing the tip cone, wipe the piston, the O-ring and the tip cone with ethanol and a lint-free cloth.

Note : Models up to $10\mu l$ have a fixed O-ring location inside the tip cone, so do not remove or maintain it.

- 6. Before replacing tip cone, it is recommended to grease the piston sligthtly using the silicone grease provided.
- 7. After reassembling, use the pipettor (without liquid) several times to make sure that the grease is spread evenly.

AUTOCLAVING

This entire pipette can be autoclaved (Sterilized) by steam at 121°C for 20 minutes at 1 atm preassure.

After the autoclaving, let the pipette cool down and dry for 6 hours before use.

IT IS NOT REQUIRED TO RE-CALIBRATE THIS PIPETTE AFTER AUTOCLAVING.

Perform cleaning & lubrication of internal parts at regular interval to keep smooth pipetting operation.

CALIBRATION

Each pipette has been checked & calibrated at factory with procedure conforming to EN-ISO 8655 standards. It is recommended to check the calibration at least once a year, for regularly used pipette.

Checking calibration

- 1 Fit new tip onto the tip cone.
- 2 Pipette distilled water into pre-weighed beaker at least five times & record the weight each time.
- 3 Compare the results with the permitted limits given in the calibration report or with the variation limits set by your own laboratory.

Important Notes

- 1. Procedure should take place at 20° (\pm 0.5°) C. constant temperature.
- The weighing beaker, distilled water, pipettor & tips must be at the same temperature.
- 3. Use an analytical balance with 0.01 mgs readability.
- 4. Pre-rinse the tip 3 to 5 times before pipetting.
- 5. Divide the weight of the water by its density (at 20°C, 0.9982) to get the volume.

Recalibration

- Place the service tool into grooves at the base of the push button as shown below.

 Turn it clockwise to increase & anticlockwise to decrease the volume.
- Repeat the 'Checking calibration' procedure.



STORAGE

When not in use, it is recommended that your pipettor is stored in a vertical position.

Leaving the pipette on its side can cause liquids to leak into the body of the pipette and cause corrosion.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Trouble	Possible Reason	Correction
Droplets left inside the tip	Unsuitable tip, non-uniform wetting of the plastic	Use new tip
	Tip holder (cone) scratched or damaged	Change the tip cone
	Organic Solvent as liquid.	Aspirate & discard the organic solvent several times before actual pipetting by the same tip.
Leakage or	Tip incorrectly attached	Attach firmly.
Pipetted volume too small	Unsuitable tip.	Use new tip.
	Foreign particles between tip and tip cone.	Clean the tip cone.
	Insufficient amount of grease on piston and O-ring.	Clean & grease O-ring and piston.
	O-ring not correctly positioned or damaged.	Change the O-ring.
Inaccuracies	Incorrect operation.	Follow instructions carefully.
	Calibration altered.	Recalibrate according to instructions.
	Unsuitable for the particular liquid pipetting technique.	Use correct pipetting technique.
	Instrument damaged.	Send for repair.
Push button jammed or moves erratically	Piston contaminated.	Clean & grease O-ring
	Penetration of solvent vapours.	and piston
Tip ejector jammed or moves erratically.	Tip cone contaminated from outside.	Remove ejector collar and clean tip cone's outer surface with ethanol.
Volume setting is not properly click stopped.	Click stop mechanism damaged.	Send for repair.
Push button does not turn for volume setting.	Use of excessive force beyond the range of pipette.	Send for repair.

Fine Care Corporation

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PIPETTE DESCRIPTION

These pipettes are available as fixed or variable, general purpose micropipettes for sampling and dispensing accurate amounts of liquid in micro volumes.

These pipettes operate on the air displacement principle and use disposable tips of any standard make.

All pipettes are equipped with a built-in tip ejector.*

They cover the volume range of 0.1 μ l to 10000 μ l.

Variable volume pipettes

	1 1
Volume Range	Increment
0.1-2.5 µl	0.01 µl
0.5-10 µl	0.1 µl
2-20 µl	0.1 µl
5-50 µl	0.5 µl
10-100 µl	0.5 µl
20-200 µl	1.0 µl
50-200 µl	1.0 µl
100-1000 µl	5.0 µl
200-1000 µl	5.0 µl
500-5000 µl	50.0 µl
1000-5000 µl	50.0 µl
500-10000 µl	100.0 µl
1000-10000 µl	100.0µl

Fix volume pipettes

Volume	Volume
2.5 µl	250 µl
5 µl	500 µl
10 µl	1000 µl
20 µl	2000 µl
25 µl	2500 µl
50 µl	3000 µl
100 µl	5000 µl
200 µl	10000 µl

Note: Special volume pipettes other than specified above may be supplied on demand.

Multi(8) Channel pipettes

Volume	Increment
0.5-10 µl	0.1 µl
5-50 µl	0.5 µl
10-100 µl	0.5 µl
20-200 µl	1.0 µl
30-300 µl	1.0 µl

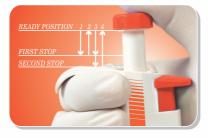
Multi(12) Channel pipettes

Volume	Increment
0.5-10 µl	0.1 µl
5-50 µl	0.5 µl
10-100 µl	0.5 µl
20-200 µl	1.0 µl
30-300 ul	1.0 ul

 Pipette volume 500-10000 μl, 1000-10000 μl & 10000 μl do have manual tip ejection.

PIPETTING TECHNIQUE

A. Forward Pipetting



- 1. Press the operating button to the first stop.
- Dip the tip attached to the pipette into the solution to a
 depth of about 1cm, and slowly release the operating
 button. Wait for a while, then withdraw it from the liquid
 touching it against the edge of the reservoir to remove
 excess liquid adhering to the outer surface of the tip.
- 3. Dispense the liquid into the receiving vessel by gently pressing the operating button to the first stop. After a second, press the operating button to the second stop. This will empty the tip completely. Remove the pipette from the vessel sliding it up the wall of the vessel.
- 4. Release the operating button to the ready position.

B. Reverse Pipetting



- 1. Press the operating button to the second stop.
- 2. Dip the tip attached to the pipette into the solution to a depth of about 1cm, and slowly release the operating button. This action will fill the tip with a volume that is larger than the set volume. Wait 1-2 seconds and withdraw the tip from the liquid, touching it against the edge of the reservoir to remove excess liquid.
- Dispense the liquid into the receiving vessel by pressing the operating button gently and steadily to the first stop. This volume is equal to the set volume. Hold button in this position. Some liquid will remain in the tip, which should not be dispensed.
- The liquid remaining in the tip can be dispensed back into the original solution by pressing the button to the second stop or disposed together with the tip.
- 5. Release the operating button to the ready position.

Note: Reverse pipetting technique is recommended for viscous solutions, solutions having tendency to foam or for dispensing very small volumes.

PIPETTING RECOMMENDATIONS

- Aspirate liquid into the pipette only when a tip is attached to its tipcone.
- Allow liquids, tips, and pipettes to equilibrate to the ambient temperature.
- Pre-rinsing of tip 5 times with the liquid to be dispensed is recommended. This is important especially when dispensing liquids which have a viscosity and density different from water.
- Pre-rinse the tip several times before use when pipetting liquids at temperature different from ambient.
- While pipetting, the pipettor should be vertically straight and tip should be dipped only a few millimeters into the liquid.
- Always control the push button movements with the thumb for consistency.
- Wipe the tip only if there is liquid on the outside of the tip, being careful to avoid touching the tip's orifice.
- Don't keep pipette in your hand while not working, to avoid transferring of body heat.
- Use the correct pipette tip designed for use with the particular pipette.
- Select the correct pipetting technique (e.g. Reverse, forward etc.) depending on the nature of the liquid.
- Using excessive force to turn the push button outside the range specified for it may jam the mechanism and damage the pipettor.

MAINTENANCE

To maintain the best results from your pipettor, each unit should be checked every day for cleanliness. Particular attention should be paid to the tip cone(s).

This pipettor has been designed for easy inhouse service. However, we also provide complete repair and calibration service. Please return your pipettor to your local distributor for repair or calibration. Before returning, please make sure that it is free from any contamination.

Check the performance of your pipettor regularly e.g every 3 months and after every in-house service or maintenance.

Cleaning Your Pipettor

To clean your pipettor, use ethanol and a soft cloth or lint-free tissue. It is recommended to clean the tip cone regularly.

In-House Maintenance



- 1. Hold down the tip ejector.
- 2. Place the tooth of the opening tool between the tip ejector and the tip ejector collar to release the locking mechanism.
- 3. Carefully release the tip ejector and remove the ejector collar.
- 4. Place the wrench end of the opening tool over the tip cone and turn it anti-clockwise.